FINANCIAL REPORT WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended February 28, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	2-4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Statement of Net Assets	5
Government-wide Statement of Activities	6
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	7
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	9
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	10
Business-Type Funds:	
Comparative Statement of Net Assets	11
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets	12
Comparative Statement of Cash Flows	13
Notes to Financial Statements	14-19
Required Supplemental Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	20
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Major Street Fund	21
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Local Street Fund	22

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MARK J. CAMPBELL, CPA

512 N. LINCOLN AVE. - SUITE 100 P. O. BOX 686 BAY CITY, MICHIGAN 48707

TEL (989) 894-1040 FAX (989) 894-5494 campbell.co@sbcglobal.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

March 22, 2013

To the Village Council Village of Athens Calhoun County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business type activities and each major fund of Village of Athens, Calhoun County, Michigan as of and for the year ended February 28, 2013, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Village of Athens' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business type activities and each major fund of the Village of Athens, Calhoun County, Michigan as of February 28, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, of these activities and funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

yfell Kenter ta. F.

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended February 28, 2013

The Management's Discussion and Analysis report of the Village of Athens covers the Village's financial performance during the year ended February 28, 2013.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Our financial status remained stable over the last year. Net assets at February 28, 2013, totaled \$822,137.87 for governmental activities and \$818,524.32 for business-type activities. Overall total capital assets increased by \$38,832.91.

Overall revenues were \$435,364.97 from governmental activities and \$210,462.41 from business-type activities. Governmental activities had a \$21,105.94 increase in net assets. Business-type activities had an increase in net assets of \$112,577.07.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two different kinds of statements that present different views of the Village and the notes to the financial statements.

The first two statements are entity-wide financial statements and provide both long and short-term information about our overall financial status. These statements present governmental and business-type activities.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements, which focus on individual parts of the Village in more detail.

The notes to the financial statements explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statement information with budgetary comparisons.

ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The entity-wide statements report information about the Village as a whole using accounting methods used by private companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the Village's assets and liabilities. The statement of activities records all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when received or paid.

The two entity-wide statements report net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the entity's assets and liabilities and this is one method to measure the entity's financial health or position.

Over time increases/decreases in the entity's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

To assess overall health of the entity you may also have to consider additional factors such as tax base changes, facility conditions and personnel changes.

All of the activities of the Village are reported as governmental activities and business-type activities. These and include the General Fund, the Major Street Fund, the Local Street Fund, the Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund, and the Water Fund.

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION February 28, 2013

	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012	Business-type Activities 2013	Business-type Activities 2012	Total 2013	Total 2012
Current Assets Restricted Assets Capital Assets	234 178 366 002 228 031	246 735 337 675 219 915	307 868 204 651 318 005	229 044 164 784 336 119	542 046 570 653 546 036	475 779 502 459 556 034
Total Assets	828 211	804 325	830 524	729 947	1 658 735	1 534 272
Current Liabilities Non-current Liabilities	6 073	3 293	- 12 000	24 000	6 073 12 000	3 293 24 000
Total Liabilities	6 073	3 293	12 000	24 000	18 073	27 293
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	228 031 366 002 228 105	219 915 337 675 243 442	306 005 204 651 307 868	312 119 164 784 229 044	534 036 570 653 535 973	532 034 502 459 472 486
Total Net Assets	822 138	801 032	818 524	705 947	1 640 662	1 506 979
	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012	Business-type Activities 2013	Business-type Activities 2012	Total 2013	Total 2012
Program Revenues: Fees and Charges	2010	2012	2010	2012	2010	2012
for Services General Revenues:	28 021	23 828	155 621	157 760	183 642	181 588
Property Taxes	166 207	161 702	52 181	50 823	218 388	212 525
State Revenue Sharing Interest	169 507 2 835	169 574 2 468	2 365	- 1 344	169 507 5 200	169 574 3 812
Miscellaneous	68 795	59 311	295	24 077	69 090	83 388
Total Revenues	435 365	416 883	210 462	234 004	645 827	650 887
Program Expenses: General Government						
and Administration Public Works	189 565 82 857	169 588 239 024	-	-	189 565 82 857	169 588 239 024
Culture and recreation	1 127	1 127	-	- -	1 127	1 127
Water	=	-	97 885	123 871	97 885	123 871
Other	140 710	150 481			140 710	150 481
Total Expenses	414 259	560 220	97 885	123 871	512 144	684 091
Change in Net Assets	21 106	(143 337)	112 577	110 133	133 683	(33 204)
Net Assets, March 1	801 032	944 369	705 947	595 814	1 506 979	1 540 18 <u>3</u>
Net Assets, February 28	822 138	801 032	818 524	705 947	1 640 662	1 506 979

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended February 28, 2013

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Village's funds, focusing on significant (major) funds not the Village as a whole. Funds are used to account for specific activities or funding sources. Some funds are required by law or bond covenants. The Village Council also may create them. Funds are established to account for funding and spending of specific financial resources and to show proper expenditures of those resources.

The Village has the following types of funds:

Governmental Funds: Some of the Village's activities are included in the governmental fund category. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis, which is designed to show short-term financial information. You will note that the differences between the Village's entity-wide statements and the fund statements are disclosed in reconciling statements to explain the differences between them. The Village's governmental funds include the General Fund, the Major Street Fund, the Local Street Fund, and the Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund.

Business Type Funds: The Village has a Water Fund which includes the activity of providing water to Village residents.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE

Our cash position in both the governmental and business-type activities remains strong.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

The General Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$15,336.52. The Major Street Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$29,947.58. The Local Street Fund had an decrease in fund balance of \$506.25. The Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$1,114.95.

The Water Fund had an increase in net assets of \$112,577.07.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

The Village's governmental activities invested \$24,407.91 in capital assets.

The Village's governmental activities paid \$0 of principal on long-term debt.

The Village's business-type activities invested \$14,425.00 in capital assets.

The Village's business-type activities paid \$12,000.00 of principal on long-term debt.

KNOWN FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE OPERATIONS

The future of state revenue sharing is very clouded and it represents a significant portion of our income.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, creditors, investors and customers with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have any questions concerning this report please contact the Village Clerk or Village Treasurer.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS February 28, 2013

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash in bank	193 917 48	274 845 11	468 762 59
Cash in bank Cash on hand	250 00	2/4 045 11	250 00
Internal balances	(1 617 83)	1 617 83	-
Account receivable	- '	7 007 89	7 007 89
Due from State of Michigan	13 939 69	-	13 939 69
Taxes receivable	27 688 61	-	27 688 61
Inventory	-	24 397 13	24 397 13
Total Current Assets	234 177 95	307 867 96	542 045 91
RESTRICTED ASSESTS:			
Cash in bank	366 001 69	196 044 32	562 046 01
Taxes receivable		8 606 86	8 606 86
Total Restricted Assets	366 001 69	204 651 18	570 652 87
NON OURDENT AGOSTO			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:	347 870 45	1 005 768 05	1 353 638 50
Capital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(119 839 06)	(687 762 87)	(807 601 93)
Less. Addamated Depreciation	(113 000 00)	(001 102 01)	(007 001 33)
Total Non-current Assets	228 031 39	318 005 18	546 036 57
TOTAL ASSETS	828 211 03	830 524 32	<u>1 658 735 35</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:			
LIABILITIES:			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	6 073 16		6 073 16
Total Current Liabilities	6 073 16	-	6 073 16
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Contract payable	<u> </u>	12 000 00	12 000 00
Total Non-current Liabilities		12 000 00	12 000 00
Total Liabilities	6 073 16	12 000 00	18 073 16
NET ASSETS:			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	228 031 39	306 005 18	534 036 57
Restricted	366 001 69	204 651 18	570 652 87
Unrestricted	228 104 79	307 867 96	535 972 75
Total Net Assets	822 137 87	818 524 32	1 640 662 19
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	020 244 02	920 524 22	1 650 725 25
TOTAL LIADILITIES AND NET ASSETS	<u>828 211 03</u>	830 524 32	<u>1 658 735 35</u>

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended February 28, 2013

		Program Revenue	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
			Net (Expense)	Net (Expense)	Net (Expense)
			Revenue and	Revenue and	Revenue and
		Charges for	Changes in Net	Changes in Net	Changes in Net
	Expenses	Services	Assets	Assets	Assets
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:					
Legislative	54 889 55	-	(54 889 55)	-	(54 889 55)
General government	134 675 65	28 021 06	(106 654 59)	-	(106 654 59)
Public works	82 857 26	-	(82 857 26)	-	(82 857 26)
Culture and recreation	1 126 90	-	(1 126 90)	-	(1 126 90)
Other	140 709 67		(140 709 67)	-	(140 709 67)
Total Governmental Activities	414 259 03	28 021 06	(386 237 97)		(386 237 97)
Business Type Activities:					
Water	97 885 34	155 620 64	-	57 735 30	57 735 30
Total Business Type Activities	97 885 34	155 620 64	-	57 735 30	57 735 30
Total Government	512 144 37	183 641 70	(386 237 97)	57 735 30	(328 502 67)
General Revenues:					
Property taxes			166 207 22	52 180 83	218 388 05
State revenue sharing			169 507 13	-	169 507 13
Interest			2 834 39	2 365 43	5 199 82
Miscellaneous			68 795 17	295 51	69 090 68
Total General Revenues			407 343 91	54 841 77	462 185 68
Change in net assets			21 105 94	112 577 07	133 683 01
Net assets, beginning of year			801 031 93	705 947 25	1 506 979 18
Net Assets, End of Year			<u>822 137 87</u>	<u>818 524 32</u>	<u>1 640 662 19</u>

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS February 28, 2013

<u>Assets</u>	General	Major <u>Street</u>	Local <u>Street</u>	Non-Major Cemetery Perpetual Care	Total
Cash in bank Cash on hand Due from State of Michigan Taxes receivable	207 857 17 250 00 - 27 688 61	234 411 53 - 9 833 11 	95 964 68 - 4 106 58 	21 685 79 - - - -	559 919 17 250 00 13 939 69 27 688 61
Total Assets	235 795 78	244 244 64	100 071 26	21 685 79	601 797 47
Liabilities and Fund Equity					
Liabilities:					
Due to other funds	1 617 83	-	-	-	1 617 83
Accounts payable	6 073 16	-	-	-	6 073 16
Total liabilities	7 690 99		-	-	7 690 99
Fund equity: Fund balances:					
Restricted	-	244 244 64	100 071 26	21 685 79	366 001 69
Unassigned	228 104 79	-	-		228 104 79
Total fund equity	228 104 79	244 244 64	100 071 26	21 685 79	<u>594 106 48</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	235 795 78	244 244 64	100 071 26	21 685 79	601 797 47

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS February 28, 2013

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

594 106 48

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because –

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:

Capital assets at cost 347 870 45
Accumulated depreciation (119 839 06)

TOTAL NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

822 137 87

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES} - \\ \underline{\text{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}$

Year ended February 28, 2013

	General	Major Street	Local Street	Non – Major Cemetery Perpetual Care	Total
Revenues:				<u></u>	
Property taxes	166 207 22	-	-	-	166 207 22
State revenue sharing	93 828 55	53 385 00	22 293 58	-	169 507 13
Licenses and permits	19 345 39	-	-	-	19 345 39
Charges for services:					
Cemetery	<u>-</u>	-	-	6 500 00	6 500 00
Tax collection	2 175 67	-	-	-	2 175 67
Interest	1 026 01	1 327 76	459 30	21 32	2 834 39
Miscellaneous	67 820 17	975 00	-		68 795 17
Total revenues	350 403 01	<u>55 687 76</u>	22 752 88	6 521 32	435 364 97
Expenditures:					
Legislative:					
Village Council	54 889 55	-	-	-	54 889 55
General government:					
Clerk	2 366 05	-	-	-	2 366 05
Treasurer	3 438 45	-	-	-	3 438 45
Building and grounds	80 132 04	-	-	-	80 132 04
Town hall	36 726 08	-	-	-	36 726 08
Cemetery	-	-	-	7 636 27	7 636 27
Public works:		20 040 70	40.055.50		40,000,04
Highways and streets	- 23 069 78	38 943 73	10 055 58	-	48 999 31 23 069 78
Street lighting Other:	23 009 76	-	-	-	23 009 76
Wages and fringe					
benefits	140 709 67	_	_	_	140 709 67
Capital outlay	<u>24 407 91</u>	_	_	_	24 407 91
Capital Gallay	24 407 51				24 407 51
Total expenditures	<u>365 739 53</u>	38 943 73	10 055 58	7 636 27	422 375 11
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(15 336 52)	16 744 03	12 697 30	(1 114 95)	12 989 86
over experiance	(10 000 02)	1071100	12 007 00	<u> </u>	12 000 00
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in	-	13 203 55	-	-	13 203 55
Operating transfers out			(13 203 55)		(13 203 55)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	13 203 55	(13 203 55)	-	-
,					
Excess deficiency of revenues					
and other sources over					
expenditures and other uses	(15 336 52)	29 947 58	(506 25)	(1 114 95)	12 989 86
Fund balances,					
March 1, 2012	243 441 31	214 297 06	100 577 51	22 800 74	<u>581 116 62</u>
14101011 1, 2012	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Fund Balances,					
February 28, 2013	228 104 79	244 244 64	100 071 26	21 685 79	594 106 48
-					

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended February 28, 2013

NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

12 989 86

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation

Depreciation Expense (16 291 83)
Capital Outlay 24 407 91

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES 21 105 94

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS – BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS – WATER FUND February 28, 2012 and February 28, 2013

A005T0	February 28, 2013	February 29, 2012
ASSETS: CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash in bank	274 845 11	239 139 46
Accounts receivable	7 007 89	6 136 88
Inventory	24 397 13	24 221 08
Total Current Assets	306 250 13	269 497 42
RESTRICTED ASSETS:		
Cash in bank	196 044 32	159 210 33
Taxes receivable	8 606 86	5 573 42
Due from other funds	3 489 33	3 489 33
Total Restricted Assets	<u>208 140 51</u>	<u>168 273 08</u>
NON CURRENT ACCETO.		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:	1 005 768 05	991 343 05
Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	(687 762 87)	(655 224 03)
Less. Accumulated depreciation	(007 702 07)	(033 224 03)
Total Non-current Assets	318 005 18	336 119 02
TOTAL ASSETS	832 395 82	773 889 52
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:		
LIABILITIES:		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Due to other funds	1 871 50	43 942 27
Dub to outer fames	101100	1001221
Total Current Liabilities	1 871 50	43 942 27
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Contract payable	12 000 00	24 000 00
• •		
Total Non-Current Liabilities	12 000 00	24 000 00
Total Liabilities	13 871 50	67 942 27
NET ASSETS:		
Invested in capital assets,		
net of related debt	306 005 18	312 119 02
Restricted	208 140 51	168 273 08
Unrestricted	304 378 63	225 555 15
	_,	
Total Net Assets	<u>818 524 32</u>	705 947 25
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	832 395 82	773 889 52

<u>COMPARATIIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS – BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS – WATER FUND</u>

Year ended February 28, 2012 and February 28, 2013

	Year Ended			
	February 28, 2013	February 29, 2012		
OPERATING REVENUES:	-			
Charges for services	155 620 64	157 760 36		
Miscellaneous	295 51	24 077 25		
Total Operating Revenues	155 916 15	181 837 61		
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Wages	27 290 02	18 942 27		
Administration fees	-	-		
Operating supplies	7 601 40	7 776 84		
Professional services	5 275 90	3 459 09		
Utilities	1 997 53	7 443 27		
Repairs and maintenance	20 203 53	40 323 05		
Miscellaneous	1 778 12	13 030 21		
Total Operating Expenses	64 146 50	90 974 73		
Operating Income (loss) before depreciation	91 769 65	90 862 88		
Less: depreciation	(32 538 84)	(31 096 34)		
Operating income (loss)	59 230 81	59 766 54		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES	S):			
Interest income	2 365 43	1 343 72		
Property taxes – debt	52 180 83	50 823 07		
Interest expense	(1 200 00)	(1 800 00)		
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	53 346 26	50 366 79		
Change in net assets	112 577 07	110 133 33		
Net assets, beginning of year	705 947 25	595 813 92		
Net Assets, End of Year	818 524 32	705 947 25		

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS – WATER FUND Year ended February 28, 2012 and February 28, 2013

	Year Ended			
	February 28, 2013	February 29, 2012		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVI	TIES:			
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for	155 045 14	181 334 76		
goods and services Cash payments to employees for	(36 856 48)	(72 032 46)		
services	(27 290 02)	(18 942 27)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	90 898 64	90 360 03		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition of capital assets	(14 425 00)	-		
Principal paid on long-term debt	(12 000 00)	(12 000 00)		
Interest expense on long-term debt	(1 200 00)	(1 800 00)		
Property taxes – debt (Increase) decrease in taxes	52 180 83	50 823 07		
receivable	(3 033 44)	1 898 65		
(Acquisition) deletion of inventory Increase (decrease) in due to other	(176 05)	682 12		
funds	(42 070 77)	<u>15 452 94</u>		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(20 724 43)	55 056 78		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVIT Interest income	TES: 2 365 43	1 343 72		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		<u> </u>		
	2 365 43	1 343 72		
Net increase (decrease) in cash	72 539 64	146 760 53		
Cash beginning of year	398 349 79	<u>251 589 26</u>		
Cash End of Year	470 889 43	398 349 79		
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FR NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATIN				
Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	59 230 81	59 766 54		
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in receivables	32 538 84 (871 01)	31 096 34 (502 85)		
(IIICI case) decrease III receivables	(0/101)	(302 65)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) in Operating Activities	90 898 64	90 360 03		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS February 28, 2013

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Village of Athens, Calhoun County, Michigan, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the Village contain all the Village funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Village's executive or legislative branches.

The reporting entity is the Village of Athens. The Village is governed by an elected Village Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Village as the primary government.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Major individual governmental and business type funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, restricted resources are applied first.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS February 28, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund includes the general operating expenditures of the local unit. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state and federal distributions, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for specific governmental revenues requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

Permanent Fund

The Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund is used to account for assets that are legally restricted.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenues the tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Bank deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalent investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables

Receivables have been recognized for all significant amounts due to the Village. Allowances for uncollectible accounts have not been provided for in that collection is not considered doubtful and any uncollected amount would be immaterial.

Inventories

Inventories of supplies are considered to be immaterial and are not recorded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS February 28, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes and other revenue that are both measurable and available for use to finance operations are recorded as revenue when earned.

Properties are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on July 1 of the following year. These taxes are due on September 15. The Village 2012 tax roll millage rate was 12.5259 mills, and the taxable value was \$17,428,838.00.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances involving the current recognition of purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for future expenditures are not recorded.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial cost of more than \$2,500.00 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings, additions and improvements 20-40 years Furniture and equipment 10-25 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

The Village does not have any accrued compensated absences.

Post-employment Benefits

The Village provides no post-employment benefits to past employees.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Note 2 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

 Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the proposed budget for each budgetary fund is submitted to the Village Council for consideration.

The proposed budgets include expenditures as well as the methods of financing them.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS February 28, 2013

Note 2 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.

The budgets are adopted at the activity level by a majority vote of the Village Council.

The budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The originally adopted budgets can be amended during the year only by a majority vote of the Village Council.

The adopted budgets are used as a management control device during the year for all budgetary funds.

Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The budgeted amounts shown in these financial statements are the originally adopted budgets with all amendments that were approved by the Village Council during the fiscal year.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Village to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; banker's acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

The Village Council has designated one bank for the deposit of Village funds. The investment policy adopted by the council in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all investments authorized by state law as listed above.

The Village's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, risk disclosures for the cash deposits are as follows:

 Carrying Amounts

 Total Deposits
 1 033 277 56

Amounts in the bank balances are without considering deposits in transit or uncleared checks.

	Bank <u>Balances</u>
Insured (FDIC) Uninsured and Uncollateralized	250 000 00 786 414 54
Total Deposits	<u>1 036 414 54</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS February 28, 2013

Note 3 – <u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the grater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the Village manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by participating in financial institution pooled funds and in mutual funds which hold diverse investments that are authorized by law for direct investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The financial institution pooled funds and the mutual funds do not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

The investment policy of the Village contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by Michigan law.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Michigan law and the Village's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Michigan law and the Village's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investment, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities though the use of mutual funds or government investment pools.

Note 4 – Contract Payable – Water

The Village of Athens has entered into a contract with Calhoun County to finance the construction of a water supply system. In accordance with the contract Calhoun County has issued bonds, as indicated below, secured by the contractual obligations of the Village to pay the installments due, plus interest 5% per annum. The Village is required to levy property tax each year, sufficient to pay the obligations when due. The schedule of repayment of the obligations is as follows:

February 28	Annual <u>Principal</u>	Total Principal
2014	12 000 00	 12 000 00
<u>Total</u>		\$ 12 000 00

The contractual obligations are payable annually on December first, with interest payable 5% on June first and December first.

Note 5 - Pension Plan

The Village does not have a pension plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS February 28, 2013

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Village's Governmental and Business-Type activities for the current year was as follows:

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Balance 3/1/12	Additions	Deletions	Balance 2/28/13
Governmental Activities:	0/1/12	7 taaitio113	Deletions	2/20/10
Land	8 000 00	-	-	8 000 00
Buildings	19 325 00	-	-	19 325 00
Equipment	296 137 54	24 407 91		320 545 45
Total	323 462 54	24 407 91	-	347 870 45
Accumulated Depreciation	(103 547 23)	(16 291 83)	<u> </u>	(119 839 06)
Net Governmental Capital Assets	219 915 31	<u>8 116 08</u>		228 031 39
Business-Type Activities: Water Systems	991 343 05	14 425 00	-	1 005 768 05
Accumulated Depreciation	(655 224 03)	(32 538 84)		(687 762 87)
Net Business-Type Capital Assets	336 119 02	(18 113 84)		318 005 18

Note 7 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The Village does not have a deferred compensation plan.

Note 8 - Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors, omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Village has purchased commercial insurance for property loss, torts and workers' compensation claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 9 - Building Permits

The Village does not issue building permits.

Note 10 – Water Fund Comparative Statements:

The Farmers Home Administration has required the Village to report its financial statements for the Water Fund on a comparative basis with the previous year.

Note 11 - Budget Variances

For the fiscal year ended February 28, 2013, Village expenditures exceeded the budgeted amounts in the following activities:

ictivities.			
	Final	Actual	Budget
	Budget	<u>Expenditures</u>	<u>Variances</u>
General Fund Activity:			
Clerk	1 510 00	2 366 05	856 05
Treasurer	2 510 00	3 438 45	928 45
Wages and fringe benefits	139 000 00	140 709 67	1 709 67
Building and grounds	66 150 00	80 132 04	13 982 04
Town Hall	27 200 00	36 726 08	9 526 08
Capital outlay	24 000 00	24 407 91	407 91
Major Street Fund Activity:			
Highways and streets	27 400 00	38 943 73	11 543 73
Local Street Fund Activity:			
Transfers out	-	13 203 55	13 203 55

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND Year ended February 28, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	172 300 00	172 300 00	166 207 22	(6 092 78)
Licenses and permits	20 800 00	20 800 00	19 345 39	(1 454 61)
State revenue sharing	90 000 00	90 000 00	93 828 55	3 828 55
Charges for services:				
Tax collection	250 00	250 00	2 175 67	1 925 67
Interest	1 700 00	1 700 00	1 026 01	(673 99)
Miscellaneous	67 500 00	67 500 00	67 820 17	320 17
Total revenues	352 550 00	352 550 00	350 403 01	(2 146 99)
Expenditures:				
Legislative:				
Village Council	63 160 00	63 160 00	54 889 55	(8 270 45)
General government:				
Clerk	1 510 00	1 510 00	2 366 05	856 05
Treasurer	2 510 00	2 510 00	3 438 45	928 45
Assessor	4 320 00	4 320 00	-	(4 320 00)
Building and grounds	66 150 00	66 150 00	80 132 04	13 982 04
Town Hall	27 200 00	27 200 00	36 726 08	9 526 08
Public works:				
Street lighting	24 700 00	24 700 00	23 069 78	(1 630 22)
Other:				
Wages and fringe benefits	139 000 00	139 000 00	140 709 67	1 709 67
Capital outlay	24 000 00	24 000 00	24 407 91	407 91
Total expenditures	352 550 00	352 550 00	365 739 53	13 189 53
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	-	(15 336 52)	(15 336 52)
Fund balance, March 1, 2012			243 441 31	243 441 31
Fund Balance, February 28, 2013			228 104 79	228 104 79

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – MAJOR STREET FUND Year ended February 28, 2013

	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u> Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:				
State revenue sharing	53 000 00	53 000 00	53 385 00	385 00
Interest	1 200 00	1 200 00	1 327 76	127 76
Miscellaneous	<u>-</u>	-	975 00	975 00
Total revenues	54 200 00	54 200 00	55 687 76	1 487 76
Expenditures: Public works:				
Highways and streets	27 400 00	27 400 00	38 943 73	11 543 73
Total expenditures	27 400 00	27 400 00	38 943 73	<u>11 543 73</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	26 800 00	26 800 00	16 744 03	(10 055 97)
Other financing sources (uses):			40.000.55	40,000 55
Transfers in Transfers out	- (42.250.00)	- (42.250.00)	13 203 55	13 203 55
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13 250 00) (13 250 00)	(13 250 00) (13 250 00)	13 203 55	(13 250 00)
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	(13 230 00)	(13 250 00)	13 203 33	<u>26 453 55</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues: and other sources over				
expenditures and other uses	13 550 00	13 550 00	29 947 58	16 397 58
Fund balance, March 1, 2012	<u>-</u>		214 297 06	214 297 06
Fund Balance, February 28, 2013	13 550 00	13 550 00	244 244 64	230 694 64

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – LOCAL STREET FUND Year ended February 28, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:	go:		7 1010101	(0)
State revenue sharing Interest	22 000 00 650 00	22 000 00 650 00	22 293 58 459 30	293 58 (190 70)
Total revenues	22 650 00	22 650 00	22 752 88	102 88
Expenditures: Public works:				
Highways and streets	38 200 00	38 200 00	10 055 58	(28 144 42)
Total expenditures	38 200 00	38 200 00	10 055 58	(28 144 42)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(15 550 00)	(15 550 00)	12 697 30	28 247 30
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	13 250 00 - 13 250 00	13 250 00 - 13 250 00	(13 203 55) (13 203 55)	(13 250 00) 13 203 55 (26 453 55)
Total other financing sources (uses)	13 230 00	13 230 00	(13 203 33)	(20 433 33)
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues: and other sources over expenditures and other uses	(2 300 00)	(2 300 00)	(506 25)	1 793 75
expericitures and other uses	(2 300 00)	(2 300 00)	(506 25)	1 793 73
Fund balance, March 1, 2012	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	100 577 51	100 577 51
Fund Balance, February 28, 2013	(2 300 00)	(2 300 00)	100 071 26	102 371 26

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MARK J. CAMPBELL, CPA

512 N. LINCOLN AVE. - SUITE 100 P. O. BOX 686 BAY CITY, MICHIGAN 48707 TEL (989) 894-1040 FAX (989) 894-5494 campbell.co@sbcglobal.net

AUDIT COMMUNICATION AND REPORT OF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

March 22, 2013

To the Village Council Village of Athens Calhoun County, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Athens for the year ended February 28, 2013. As required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, the independent auditor is required to make several communications to the governing body having oversight responsibility for the audit. The purpose of this communication is to provide you with additional information regarding the scope and results of our audit that may assist you with your oversight responsibilities of the financial reporting process for which management is responsible.

<u>AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY UNDER AUDITING STANDARDS GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED</u> STATES

We conducted our audit of the financial statements of the Village of Port Austin in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. The following paragraph explains our responsibilities under those standards.

Management has the responsibility for adopting sound accounting policies, for maintaining an adequate and effective system of accounts, for the safeguarding of assets, and for devising an internal control structure that will, among other things, help assure the proper recording of transactions. The transactions that should be reflected in the accounts and in the financial statements are matters within the direct knowledge and control of management. Our knowledge of such transactions is limited to that acquired through our audit. Accordingly, the fairness of representations made through the financial statements is an implicit and integral part of management's accounts and records. However, our responsibility for the financial statements is confined to the expression of an opinion on them. The financial statements remain the responsibility of management.

The concept of materiality is inherent in the work of an independent auditor. An auditor places greater emphasis on those items that have, on a relative basis, more importance to the financial statements and greater possibilities of material error than those items of lesser importance or those in which the possibility of material error is remote.

For this purpose, materiality has been defined as "the magnitude of an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would have been changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement."

An independent auditor's objective in an audit is to obtain sufficient competent evidential matter to provide a reasonable basis for forming an opinion on the financial statements. In doing so, the auditor must work within economic limits; the opinion, to be economically useful, must be formed within a reasonable length of time and at reasonable cost. That is why an auditor's work is based on selected tests rather than an attempt to verify all transactions. Since evidence is examined on a test basis only, an audit provides only reasonable assurance, rather than absolute assurance, that financial statements are free of material misstatement. Thus, there is a risk that audited financial statements may contain undiscovered material errors or fraud. The existence of that risk is implicit in the phrase in the audit report, "in our opinion."

To the Village Council Village of Athens Calhoun County, Michigan

In the audit process, we gain an understanding of the internal control structure of an entity for the purpose of assisting in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit testing. Our understanding is obtained by inquiry of management, testing transactions, and observation and review of documents and records. The amount of work done is not sufficient to provide a basis for an opinion on the adequacy of the internal control structure.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

Auditing standards call for us to inform you of other significant issues such as, but not limited to, 1) Accounting estimates that are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements or because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments; 2) Significant audit adjustments that may not have been detected except through the auditing procedures we performed; 3) Disagreements with management regarding the scope of the audit or application of accounting principles; 4) Consultation with other accountants; 5) Major issues discussed with management prior to retention; and 6) Difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

We have no significant issues, regarding these matters, to report to you at this time. Audit adjustments are available to review.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATION REGARDING INTERNAL CONTROLS/ COMPLIANCE/ EFFICIENCY

Our procedures disclosed the following conditions that we would like to bring to your attention:

SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

The Village's system of internal control is affected by the size of the staff that it can employ.

The ultimate accounting system would include enough employees to completely segregate all aspects of each transaction. Different departments or individuals would handle: transaction authorization, transaction execution, asset handling, recording of transactions, review of transactions and subsequent control of assets.

The Village cannot enact a complete segregation of all aspects of each transaction due to the nature of local units of government. The "cost to benefit" relationship also would not justify a complete segregation of all duties.

We recommend that the Village Council Members understand these circumstances when performing their oversight responsibilities.

PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government units are required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Responsibility for the financial statements of the governmental unit rests with the governmental unit's management. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data (i.e., maintaining internal accounting records), and (2) reporting government-wide and fund financial statements, including the related note disclosures (i.e., external financial reporting).

It has historically been common for many governmental units to rely on the independent auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide and fund financial statements, as well as the related notes to the financial statements, as part of its external financial reporting process. As a result, a government's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP has typically been based, in part, on its reliance on the independent auditors. By definition, independent auditors cannot be part of the government's internal control.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATION REGARDING INTERNAL CONTROLS/ COMPLIANCE/ EFFICIENCY (cont.)

PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

The cause for this condition is simply because it is more cost effective to outsource the preparation of its annual financial statements to the independent auditors than to incur the time and expense of having the employees and/or management obtain the necessary training and expertise required to perform this task internally.

As a result of this condition, the employees and/or management do not possess the qualifications necessary to prepare the governmental unit's annual financial statements and notes to the financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The governmental unit relies, in part, on the independent auditors for assistance with the preparation of annual financial statements and related notes to the financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

We do not recommend any changes to this situation at this time and we communicate this as required by professional standards.

BUDGET VARIANCES

For the year ended February 28, 2013, the Village exceeded the amounts budgeted for multiple activities. We recommend that the Village amend the budget as necessary to comply with State law.

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the audit tests to be applied in our audit of the Village's financial statements and this communication of these matters does not affect our report on the Village's financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2013.

SUMMARY

We welcome any questions you may have regarding the foregoing comments and we would be happy to discuss any of these or other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Sincerely,

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

hell Kuster to P.C.

Certified Public Accountants